A Brief Manual for LINMOD

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LINMOD (LINear MODels) performs a wide variety of General Linear Multivariate Model (GLMM) computations in SAS/IML. This software is especially useful for repeated measures, complex designs, and teaching.

The source code (mostly IML, with a tiny amount of macro language), installation instructions, an extensive manual, and sample programs are available at *http://www.bios.unc.edu/~muller*. No warranty is provided or implied.

TITLE1 "EXAMPLE1.SAS--Demonstrate simple LINMOD use";

```
* 0. Define raw data file;
FILENAME IN01 "..\EXAMPLES\PAYNE.DAT";
DATA PAYNE;     INFILE IN01;
* 1. Define directory in which LINMOD source code stored;
```

*** Change highlighted text in next line for your computer;**

```
%LET LMDIRECT = ..\SOURCE\  ;
* 2. Define SAS macro code needed;
%INCLUDE "&LMDIRECT.MACROLIB.MAC" / NOSOURCE2 ;
* 3. Reduce raw data to a TYPE=CORR file named _CORRDS_ ;
&PROCSSCP DATA=PAYNE ;
VAR CONTROL LOW MODERATE HIGH INIT
    SCORE2 SCORE4 SCORE6 SCORE8 SCORE10;
PROC IML WORKSIZE=1000 SYMSIZE=1000; *4.1 Start IML;
&LINMOD ;                          *4.2 Grab code;
* 5. Retrieve the file _CORRDS_ created in Step 3 ;
RUN GETCORSS;
* 6. Define the model and estimate primary parameters;
INDVARS = { CONTROL LOW MODERATE HIGH INIT };
DEPVARS=NAMELIST("SCORE",2,10,2);
RUN FITMODEL;
* 7.1 Conduct a test (and estimation) step;
PRINT   "* MANOVA Test of Main Effect of Treatment,  *"
      , "* comparing each treatment to control group *" ;
C = { 1 -1  0  0   0 ,
      1  0 -1  0   0 ,
      1  0  0 -1   0 } ;
THETARNM= { "C - LOW"  "C - MOD"  "C - HIGH" };
*U defaults to Identity matrix, if NROW(U)=0;
RUN TESTGLH;
```

TITLE1 "EXAMPLE2.SAS--Demonstrate LINMOD using MAKESS";

```
FILENAME IN01 "..\EXAMPLES\PAYNE.DAT";
DATA PAYNE;
     INFILE IN01;
%LET LMDIRECT = ..\SOURCE\  ;
%INCLUDE "&LMDIRECT.MACROLIB.MAC" / NOSOURCE2 ;
PROC IML WORKSIZE=1000 SYMSIZE=1000;
&LINMOD ;
OPT_OFF = { MSH };   OPT_ON  = { LISTINFO AVAILOPT };
RUN SETOPT;
*Read raw data into IML;
USE PAYNE;
READ ALL VAR{GROUP} INTO GROUP;
READ ALL VAR{INIT}  INTO INIT;
```

```
READ ALL VAR{SCORE2 SCORE4 SCORE6 SCORE8 SCORE10} INTO Y;
CLOSE PAYNE;
*Use functions to create indicators for design matrix;
N=NROW(Y); * # observations in sample;
CONSTANT=J(N,1,1); *Column of 1's for intercept, etc;
CELLMEAN=DESIGN(GROUP);              *Cell mean coding;
EFFECT  =CONSTANT||DESIGNF(GROUP);  *Effect coding;
REFERENC=CONSTANT||CELLMEAN(|*,2:NCOL(CELLMEAN)|);
                                  *Reference cell coding;
*Assemble all predictors and responses into one matrix, Z;
* ZNAMES must also exist;
Z = CELLMEAN || INIT || Y;
ZNAMES = { CONTROL  LOW  MODERATE  HIGH  INIT }
       || { SCORE2 SCORE4 SCORE6 SCORE8 SCORE10 } ;
RUN MAKESS; *Create SSCP matrix and associated parameters;
*Fit a model;
INDVARS = { CONTROL LOW MODERATE HIGH INIT };
DEPVARS = { SCORE2 SCORE4 SCORE6 SCORE8 SCORE10 };
RUN FITMODEL;
*Conduct any test or estimation desired;
*C= ---- ;  *U= ---- ;  *RUN TESTGLH;
```

If the LINMOD code has been stored (see the *SAS/IML User's Guide* for usage of this feature) in the STORED directory, replacing SOURCE by STORED in the LMDIRECT= ; statement will read stored IML code and speed program initialization.

LINMOD Options and Default Values

SETOPT / General	MAKESS	GETCORSS	FITMODEL		TESTGLH	
AVAILOPT	CHKMISS (ON)	CPARMS	PARMIN		C	(ON)
LISTINFO	MPARMS	CSS	SSIN		U	(ON)
CURROPTS	MSS		BETA	(ON)	THETA0	(ON)
NEWOPTS			XPXINV		THETA	(ON)
COMPRESS (ON)			UNIBETA		MID	
NOPRINT			CHECK		EXTHETA	(ON)
			EXBETA	(ON)	MATTHETA	
			COVBETA		UNITHETA	(ON)
			SIGMA	(ON)	MSH	
			SCORR	(ON)	MSE	
			SSSTEP		ECORR	(ON)
			SSFIT		HEIVAL	
			LTFR		CANVEC	
			LINDEP	(ON)	CANRSQ	(ON)
			PARMOUT	(ON)		
					MULTTEST	(ON)
					RSQUARED	(ON)
					UNIREP	(ON)
					UNIRPRNT	(ON)
					UNIRWARN	
					UNIRFORC	

(ON) indicates the default ON.
The absence of (ON) indicates the default is OFF.

Matrices Available from FITMODEL

MATRIX	OPTION	ROWNAME	COLNAME
BETA	BETA,EXBETA	_XNAME_	_XNAME_
BPVAL	EXBETA	_XNAME_	_YNAME_
BSE	EXBETA	_XNAME_	_YNAME_
_BT_	EXBETA	_XNAME_	_YNAME_
LINDEP	LINDEP	_XNAME_	_VNAME_
PARM1	UNIBETA	----	_PM1CNM_
SCORR	SCORR	_YNAME_	_YNAME_
SIGMA	SIGMA	_YNAME_	_YNAME_
_SS_	SSFIT	_VNAME_	_VNAME_
STAT	UNIBETA	_YNAME_	_STRNM_
XPXINV	XPXINV	_XNAME_	_XNAME_

Matrices Available from TESTGLH

Matrix	Option	Rowname	Colname	Section
THETA	THETA	_THRNM_	_THCNM_	7.2.2, 7.5.4
MID	MID	_THRNM_	_THRNM_	7.2.2, 7.5.5
SDTHTA	MATTHETA	_THRNM_	_THCNM_	7.5.7
TTHTA	MATTHETA	_THRNM_	_THCNM_	7.5.7
PVTHTA	MATTHETA	_THRNM_	_THCNM_	7.5.7
MSH	MSH	_THCNM_	_THCNM_	7.2.2, 7.5.9
MSE	MSE	_THCNM_	_THCNM_	7.2.2, 7.5.10
ECORR	ECORR	_THCNM_	_THCNM_	7.5.11
HEIVAL	HEIVAL	_CANNM_	_NONM_	7.5.12
CANVEC	CANVEC	_THCNM_	_CANNM_	7.5.13
CANRSQ	CANRSQ	_CANNM_	_NONM_	7.5.14
FSTATS	UNITHETA	_THCNM_	_FSTRNM_	7.5.6, 7.5.17
STMAT1	MULTTEST	_STMRNM_	_STMCNM_	7.5.16, 7.5.17
TPARM1	MULTTEST	_NONM_	_TPCNM1_	7.5.16
URESUL	UNIREP	_UCOLNM_	_UROWNM_	7.5.18-7.5.21

Note that if THETARNM exists then _THTRNM_=THETARNM.

Also, if THETACNM exists then _THTCNM_=THETACNM.

NAMELIST Function

Usage: yourlist = NAMELIST(STEM,LOW,HIGH,BY);

This function generates a row of names, STEMlow to STEMhigh, by..., a character matrix. STEM is a character string (1x1). Require 0<=LOW<=HIGH, and 1<=BY, integers (1x1). See the MAKESS example in section 4.9 of the full LINMOD manual for an example use. Example 1 in Section 1.5 of the full LINMOD manual includes the following code: DEPVARS=NAMELIST("SCORE",2,10,2);

UMEAN Function

Usage: UAVE = UMEAN(P); This function returns J(P,1,1/P), which provides a column (vector) to use as an averaging U matrix.

UPOLY1 Module

This module produces a U matrix and associated names for a test of trends.

Usage: RUN UPOLY1(VALUES, NAME, U, NMOUT);

Inputs. VALUES, numeric treatment levels (values), a matrix with one row or column.

NAME, a character string providing stem of names for trends.

Outputs. U, a matrix with columns orthonormal polynomial coefficients (excludes zero order).

NMOUT, a character matrix with one row of names.

UPOLY2 Module

This module produces U matrices and associated names for tests of trend and interaction for a design with two within-subject factors.

Assume Factor 1, with levels VALUES1, varies slowly,

and that Factor 2, with levels VALUES2, varies rapidly.

Usage:

```
RUN UPOLY2(VALUES1,NAME1, VALUES2,NAME2,
                  U1,     NMOUT1,U2,     NMOUT2, U12 ,NMOUT12);
Inputs  VALUES1=1st set of numeric treatment levels/values
        NAME1  = 1st character string providing stem of names;
        VALUES2=2nd set of numeric treatment levels/values
        NAME2  = 2nd character string providing stem of names;
Outputs U1     =orthonormal polynomial coefficient columns
                        for 1st factor (excludes zero order)
        NMOUT1 =1 row matrix of 1st factor names (character);
        U2     =orthonormal polynomial coefficient columns
                for 2nd factor (excludes zero order)
        NMOUT2 =1 row matrix of 2nd factor names (character);
        U12    =orthonormal polynomial coefficient columns
                      for interaction (excludes zero order)
        NMOUT12=1 row matrix of interaction names (character);
```

UTREND Function

Create polynomial trends matrix (columnwise), excluding the zero order.

Usage: UPOLY = UTREND(VALUES);